**Risk-Based Testing (RBT)**

**Risks and Mitigation Techniques:**

1. **Resource Unavailability**:
   * **Risk**: Key team members or required hardware/software resources may not be available during testing.
   * **Mitigation**:
     + Maintain a resource backup plan with cross-trained team members.
     + Ensure early procurement and setup of hardware and software resources.
2. **Tight Deadlines**:
   * **Risk**: Insufficient time for thorough testing due to project deadlines.
   * **Mitigation**:
     + Prioritize test cases based on risk and criticality.
     + Use automation for repetitive tasks to save time.
     + Communicate the impact of reduced timelines to stakeholders early.
3. **Incomplete Requirements**:
   * **Risk**: Ambiguities or changes in user stories and acceptance criteria may impact test planning.
   * **Mitigation**:
     + Collaborate with stakeholders for clarification during requirement analysis.
     + Use exploratory testing to uncover potential gaps or edge cases.
4. **Defect Leakage to Production**:
   * **Risk**: Critical defects might remain undetected during testing.
   * **Mitigation**:
     + Perform risk-based testing to focus on high-impact areas.
     + Include thorough regression and integration testing cycles.
5. **Third-party Dependencies**:
   * **Risk**: Integration with third-party services (e.g., [X] for commercial registration) may fail or cause delays.
   * **Mitigation**:
     + Use stubs or mock services during initial testing phases.
     + Establish clear communication channels with third-party providers for timely resolution.
6. **Test Environment Issues**:
   * **Risk**: Unstable or incomplete test environments may delay testing efforts.
   * **Mitigation**:
     + Set up environments early and perform environment validation before test execution.
     + Maintain backup environments for critical tests.
7. **Inadequate Test Data**:
   * **Risk**: Lack of realistic or comprehensive test data may lead to incomplete testing.
   * **Mitigation**:
     + Generate diverse test data during the test planning phase.
     + Use data generation tools to simulate various test scenarios.
8. **Stakeholder Unavailability**:
   * **Risk**: Delayed approvals or feedback from stakeholders can impact testing progress.
   * **Mitigation**:
     + Schedule regular check-ins and reviews to ensure stakeholder involvement.
     + Maintain clear documentation to facilitate quick decision-making.
9. **Automation Challenges**:
   * **Risk**: Flaky automation scripts or tool limitations may cause false positives/negatives.
   * **Mitigation**:
     + Regularly update and debug automation scripts.
     + Choose robust and reliable tools suitable for the application’s tech stack.
10. **Security Vulnerabilities**:
    * **Risk**: Security vulnerabilities in APIs or workflows may remain undetected.
    * **Mitigation**:
      + Follow secure coding practices and review results with the development team.

**11. User Login**

* **Risk**: Unauthorized access due to improper validation.
  + Impact: Unauthorized users may gain access, compromising system security and user data.
  + Likelihood: High, especially for systems handling sensitive user information.
* **Mitigation**:
  + Implement robust input validation mechanisms for all login credentials.
  + Test edge cases, including SQL injections, XSS, and brute-force attacks.
  + Test multi-device logout functionality to ensure session management integrity.

**12. Upgrade to Premium**

* **Risk**: Compliance workflow errors leading to user frustration.
  + Impact: Delays or rejections in the premium upgrade process, causing user dissatisfaction.
  + Likelihood: Medium, due to complexity in compliance verification.
* **Mitigation**:
  + Perform end-to-end testing of document upload functionality to ensure it handles all required formats and sizes.
  + Test approval flows rigorously to verify all compliance rules are implemented correctly.
  + Include negative test cases for invalid or incomplete documents.
  + Validate that notifications to compliance staff and users are triggered as expected.

**13. Loan Notifications**

* **Risk**: Miscommunication due to SMS delay or failure.
  + Impact: Users may be misinformed or miss critical updates on loan approvals or rejections.
  + Likelihood: Medium, as SMS delivery can depend on external factors like carrier reliability.
* **Mitigation**:
  + Test SMS triggers for all approval and rejection scenarios.
  + Validate fallback mechanisms, such as email notifications, in case of SMS failures.
  + Use monitoring tools to track SMS delivery success rates and identify failures promptly.
  + Simulate high-traffic scenarios to ensure notifications are not delayed.

**14. Department Approval**

* **Risk**: Incorrect approval state or timestamp mismatch.
  + Impact: Inaccurate approval records may lead to compliance issues and user complaints.
  + Likelihood: Medium, as multiple departments are involved in the process.
* **Mitigation**:
  + Validate that the approval status is updated correctly for each department.
  + Test audit trail functionality to ensure all actions are logged with accurate timestamps.
  + Verify concurrency handling to avoid overwriting approvals when multiple departments update the same record.
  + Perform integration testing with department workflows.

**15. Commercial Verification**

* **Risk**: System reliance on third-party [X] leading to bottlenecks.
  + Impact: Delays or failures in the verification process can block user registration or investments.
  + Likelihood: High, due to dependency on external APIs.
* **Mitigation**:
  + Create test stubs to simulate responses from third-party service [X].
  + Test system behavior for all response types, including success, failure, and timeout scenarios.
  + Implement retry logic with exponential backoff for failed API calls.
  + Regularly monitor third-party API performance and availability.

**General Risk Mitigation Best Practices**

* + **Regular Risk Reviews:** Update risk logs based on new features or changes in requirements.
  + **Test Automation**: Use automated testing tools to ensure repeated validations are efficient and reliable.
  + **Collaboration:** Work closely with development and business teams to ensure risks are understood and mitigated effectively.
  + **Monitoring and Reporting:** Use real-time monitoring tools to identify issues quickly and respond proactively.